



ALIS_4D

a Swedish complementary instrument for EISCAT_3D
status of Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory and
the European Working group on Optical Calibration

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many more. . .

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EISCAT_3D User meeting, Uppsala 2018



Outline

ALIS_4D, a Swedish complementary instrument for EISCAT_3D
Overview

status of Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory

EWOC European Working group on optical calibration.

Conclusion

To be removed



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EISCAT_3D science case

Infrastructures and geographical advantages



EISCAT_3D Science Case

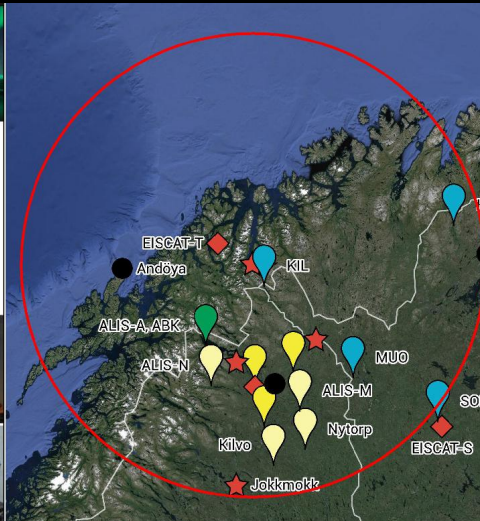
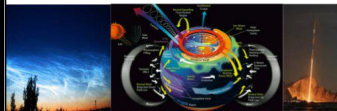
Anita Aikio¹, Ian McCrea²,
and the EISCAT_3D Science Working Groups

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EISCAT_3D Preparatory Phase Project WP3

Version 3.0, July 2014





Do EISCAT_3D need optics?

- ▶ High-speed narrow-band imaging of aurora, RIOE, meteor trails, ...
- ▶ Observatory modes (long-time monitoring)
- ▶ The string “optic” occurs 46 times in 122 pages
- ▶ Table 1 “EISCAT_3D radar performance requirements” p. 107–109: Optics required in 70 % (16 of 23) science topics .

Optical measurements are a requirement for EISCAT_3D!
new-moon periods are popular! (Gustavsson, present EISCAT)
There are many clear solid scientific objectives for optical instruments!



AILS_4D

A Swedish contribution to complementary instruments for EISCAT_3D

- ▶ High-time resolution (> 25 FPS)
- ▶ Continuous operation (observatory modes)
- ▶ Status
 - ▶ 2016: (summer) Funding application (granted in November)
 - ▶ 2017: Procurement procedures, four imagers delivered, optics ordered
 - ▶ 2018: Optics delivery (April) Main development work. Tests in fall.
 - ▶ 2019: Continuous operations from fall. Ground support for SPIDER2 rocket.
- ▶ Funded by *Kempestiftelserna*, Faculty of Science and Technology at UmU and IRF.
- ▶ PIs Urban Brändström (IRF), Asta Pellinen-Wannberg (UmU)



INSTITUTET FÖR RYMDFYSIK
Swedish Institute of Space Physics



Umeå universitet



ALIS_4D sites





ALIS/ALIS_4D

Comparison

	ALIS	ALIS_4D phase II
FoV	4 CCD $\approx 60^\circ$ 1 EMCCD $\approx 30^\circ$ (1 EMCCD $\approx 15^\circ$)	4 EMCCD $\approx 150^\circ$ 1 EMCCD $\approx 30^\circ$ (1 EMCCD $\approx 15^\circ$)
Res	$1024^2 \approx 100\text{m}$ $256^2 \approx 500\text{m}$	$1024^2 \approx 750\text{m}$ $512^2 \approx 1.5\text{km}$
Time	12 FPM	> 25 FPS
Mode	Campaign only	monitoring/campaign



Sort of an Ättje





ALIS/ALIS_4D

Available filters

λ [Å]	$\Delta\lambda$ [Å]	Line	Remarks	#
3950	92	Ca, Fe	Meteors	1
4227	280	Ca, Fe, H ₂ O, ...	Meteors	1
4340.5	25	H $_{\gamma}$, Balmer series	Meteors	1
4278	50	N ₂ ⁺ 1Neg.	Aurora/Airglow	6
4861.3	25	H $_{\beta}$, Balmer series	Meteors	1
5100	40		Background	4
5577	40	O(¹ S)	Aurora/Airglow	6
5893	200	Na, ...	Meteors	1
6230	40		Background	4
6300	40	O(¹ D)	Aurora/Airglow	6
6562	70	H $_{\alpha}$	SPIDER	4
6562.8	25	H $_{\alpha}$, Balmer series	Meteors	1
6750	200	N ₂ 1P	SPIDER/LEEWAVES	4
8000	1000	OH Meinel	Airglow LEEWAVES	4
8446	40	O(3p ³ P)	Aurora/Airglow (O(3p ³ P))	4



ALIS_4D

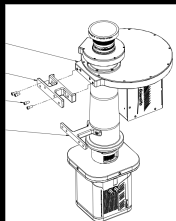
Sensitivity and speed

	Res.	Hz	R/count	λ_c
ALIS (CCD)	1024^2	0.04	13.4	5577Å
ALIS (CCD)	256^2	0.2	0.78	5577Å
ALIS (CCD)	256^2	0.2	1.74	4278Å
ALIS_4D (EMCCD)	1024^2	16.5	6	5577Å
ALIS_4D (EMCCD)	1024^2	25	0.5	5577Å



Data production

"Harddisks are either new or full" Gustavsson



Hz	resolution	GiB/h	total GiB/h	GiB/night
0.1	256 ²	0.02	0.09	1
0.1	512 ²	0.09	0.4	6
0.1	1024 ²	0.35	14.1	22
1	256 ²	0.22	0.88	14
1	512 ²	0.9	3.51	56
1	1024 ²	3.5	14.06	225
25	256 ²	11	44	352
25	512 ²	44	176	1406
25	1024 ²	176	703	5625



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New organisation from 2018

- ▶ PAF + STP \Rightarrow STAR, Solar Terrestrial and Atmospheric Research (Head: Johan Kero)
- ▶ KGO \Rightarrow KAGO Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory: Urban Brändström (head), Daria Mikhaylova, Lars-Göran Vanhainen and Uwe Raffalski
- ▶ Uwe Raffalski is responsible for atmospheric measurements within KAGO
- ▶ Ozone radiometer (KIMRA) became observatory instrument 2018.



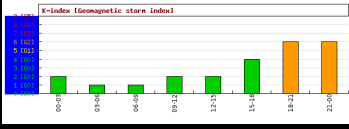
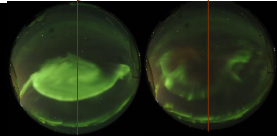
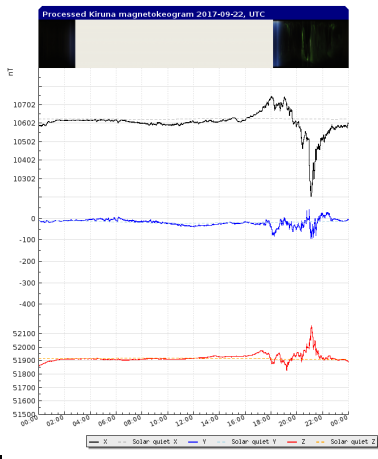
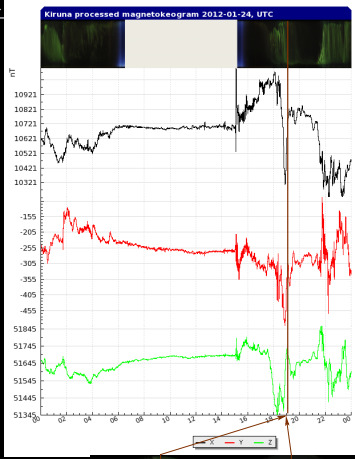
KAGO Instruments

Kiruna Atmospheric and Geophysical Observatory

- ▶ Magnetometers, 1950–: IRF [Yamauchi]: Kiruna, Lycksele, Tormestorp;
SGU[Schwarz]: Abisko, Uppsala and operation of Lycksele
- ▶ Allsky cameras, 1956– [Brändström]: Kiruna, Abisko, Tjautjas
- ▶ Ionosondes, 1952– [Leyser]: Kiruna, Lycksele, Uppsala.
- ▶ Riometers, 1958– [Sergienko]: Kiruna, Lycksele
- ▶ Infrasound, 1973– [Kero]: (In observatory since 2015) (Kiruna, Jämtön, Lycksele, Sodankylä)
- ▶ Ozone radiometer (KIMRA), 2001– [Raffalski]: (In observatory since 2018) (Kiruna)
- ▶ ALIS_4D [Brändström] (Observatory measurements from fall 2019) Abisko, Kiruna, Silkkimuotka, Tjautjas
- ▶ (Weather station, ALIS, guest instruments, etc.)

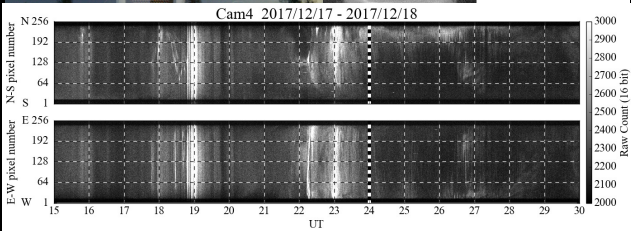
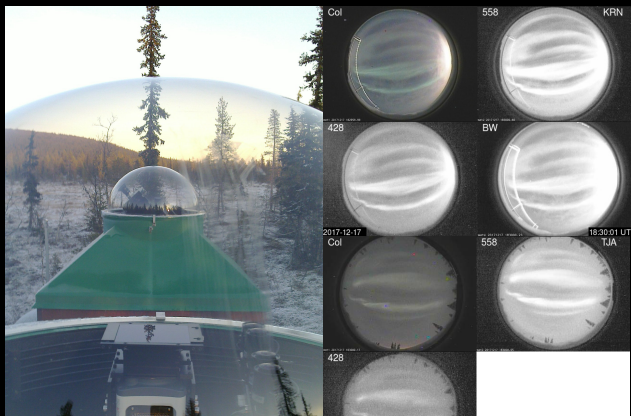


IRF Magnetokeogram





ISEE/NIPR





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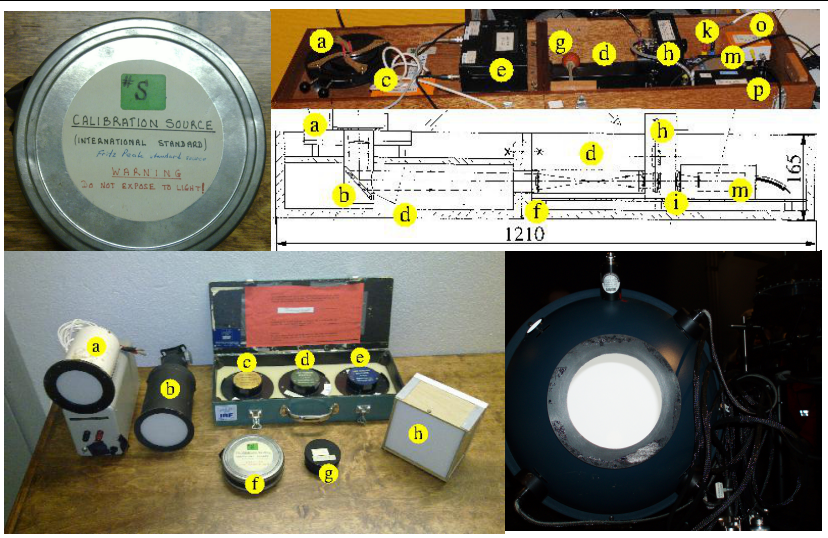
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Optical absolute calibration





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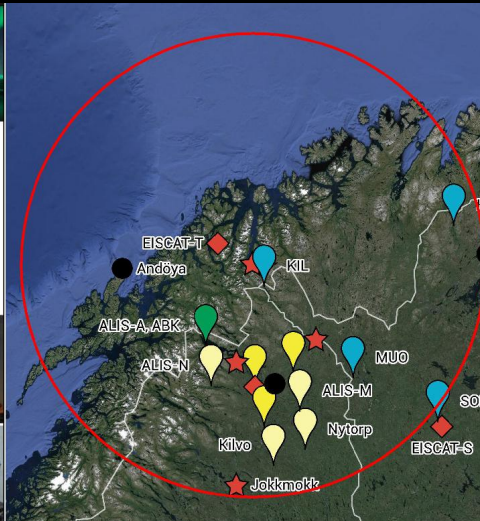
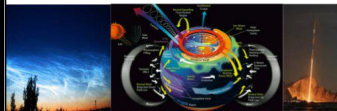
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Funding issues

Inventory of research infrastructure needs

- ▶ 2015 Failed. (application in 2017 if priority A1)
- ▶ 2017 Pending... (application in 2019 if priority A1)
- ▶ We need better national and international coordination!
- ▶ We need a targeted science case for complementary instruments. (Expand it?)
- ▶ 2019...? (application in 2021 if priority A1)



We need to discuss

- ▶ EISCAT_3D complementary instruments and dedicated science case?
- ▶ I think the EISCAT_3D complementary instruments should be easily accessible and simple to request and use for an E3D user.
- ▶ Need for increased nordic cooperation! Norway-Sweden-Finland. National infrastructures that can be easily combined over the borders whenever desired.
- ▶ For example: ALIS_4D compatibility matters (MIRACLE, Norway)?
- ▶ Data flow from production via conditioning to users.
- ▶ Most observatories produce and provides free and open data. This is good! How is the data used? Publications? Need for data citations! Rules of the road?
- ▶ How do we make funding resources flow back to data producers?



Near future

- ▶ ALIS_4D operational in fall 2019.
- ▶ New ionosondes in Uppsala (2019) and Lycksele (TBD)
- ▶ Upgrade Kiruna geomagnetic observatory to INTERMAGNET 1 s standard. New variometer (2019).



Summary

- ▶ ALIS_4D will be a powerful swedish contribution to complementary instruments for EISCAT_3D.
- ▶ Extensive upgrades of the observatory instrumentation underway at IRF. New Ionosonde (Uppsala), Riometer and variometer Kiruna (Also including atmospheric measurements)
- ▶ Increased Nordic collaboration



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